



Integration and Implementation Strategies for AI Algorithm Development, Deployment and Enhancement using DICOM and Other Standards

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Integration and Implementation Strategies for AI Algorithm Development, Deployment and Enhancement using DICOM and Other Standards

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Master Research Agreement: Mayo Clinic - Siemens

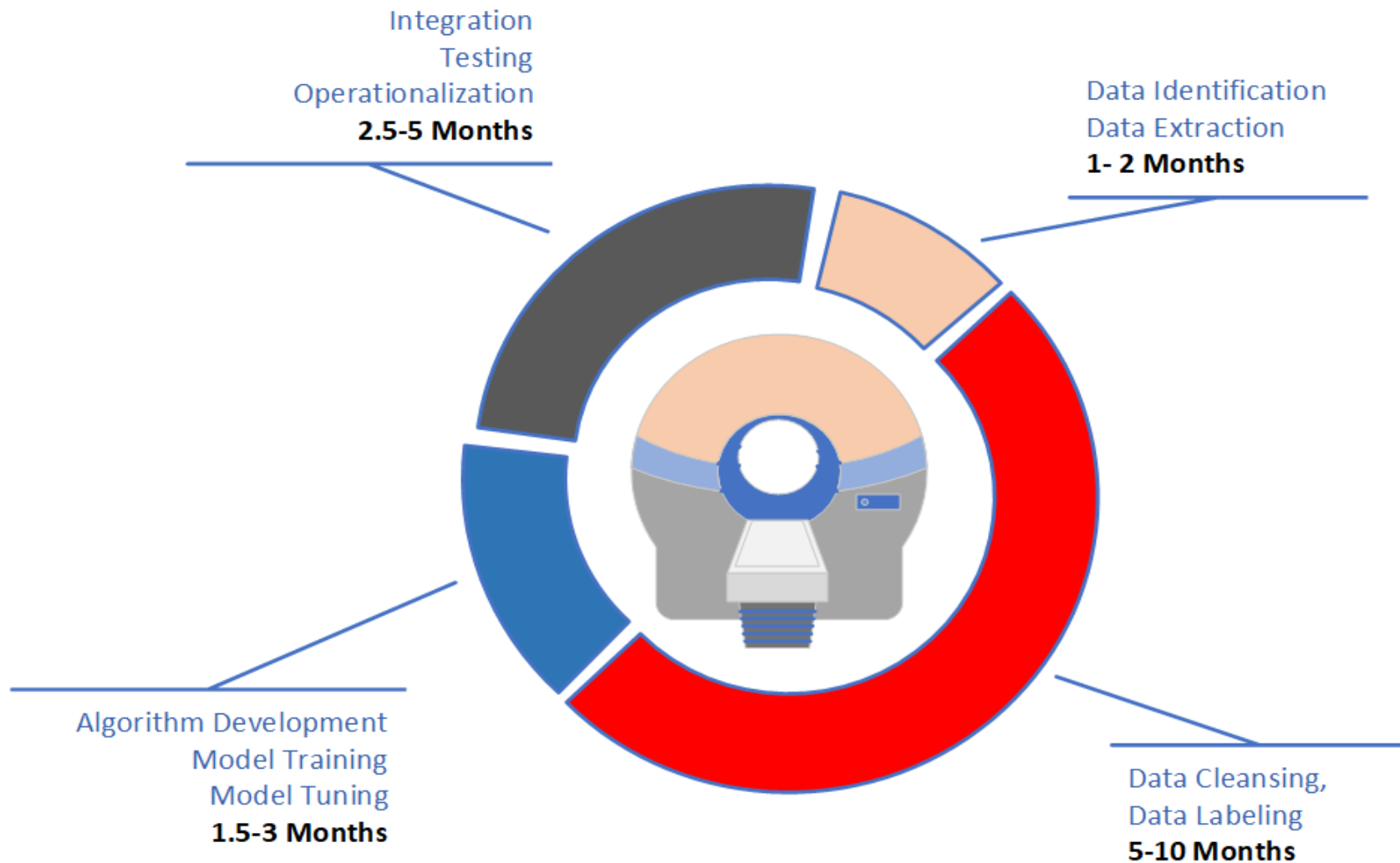
Master Research Agreement: Mayo Clinic – NVidia

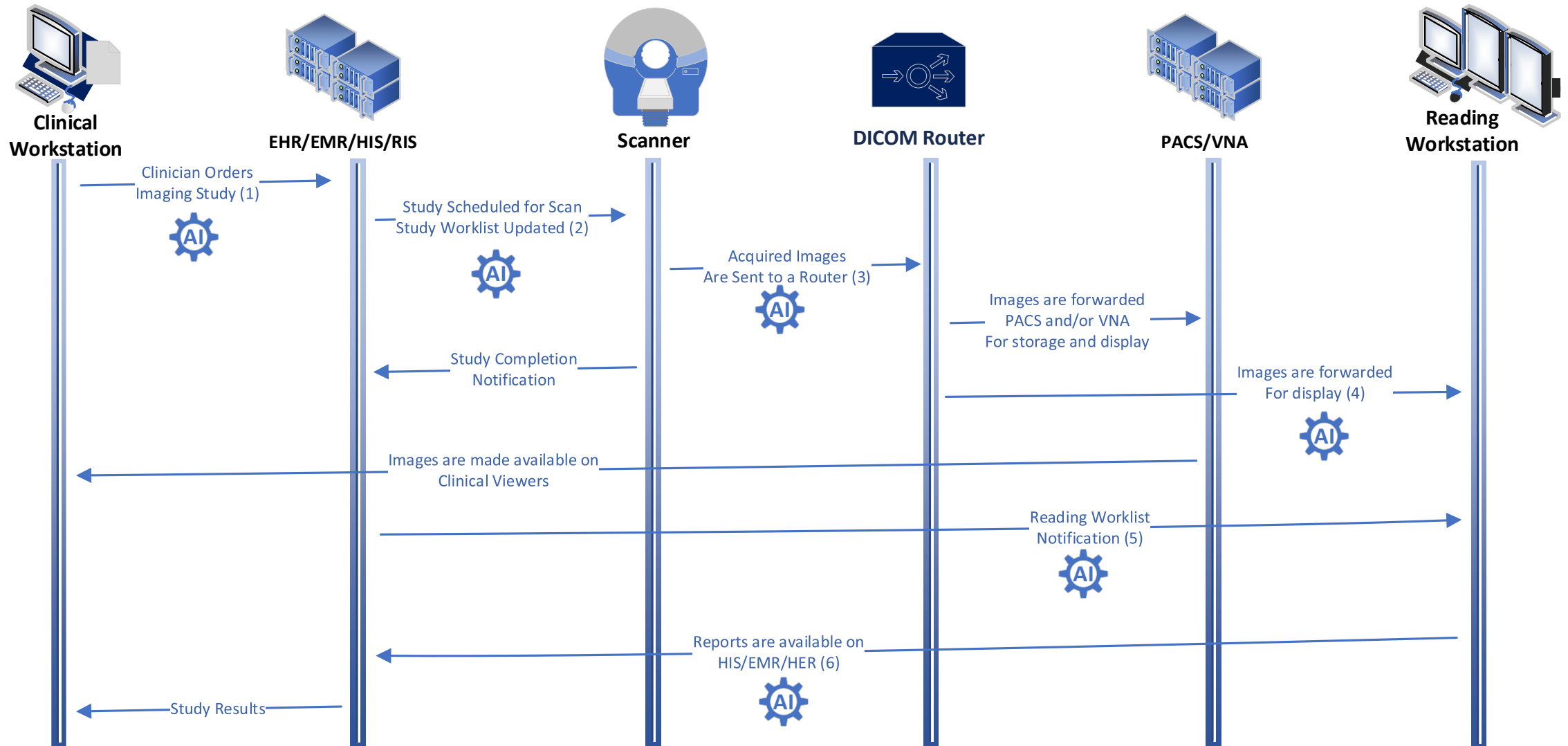
MONAI⁺

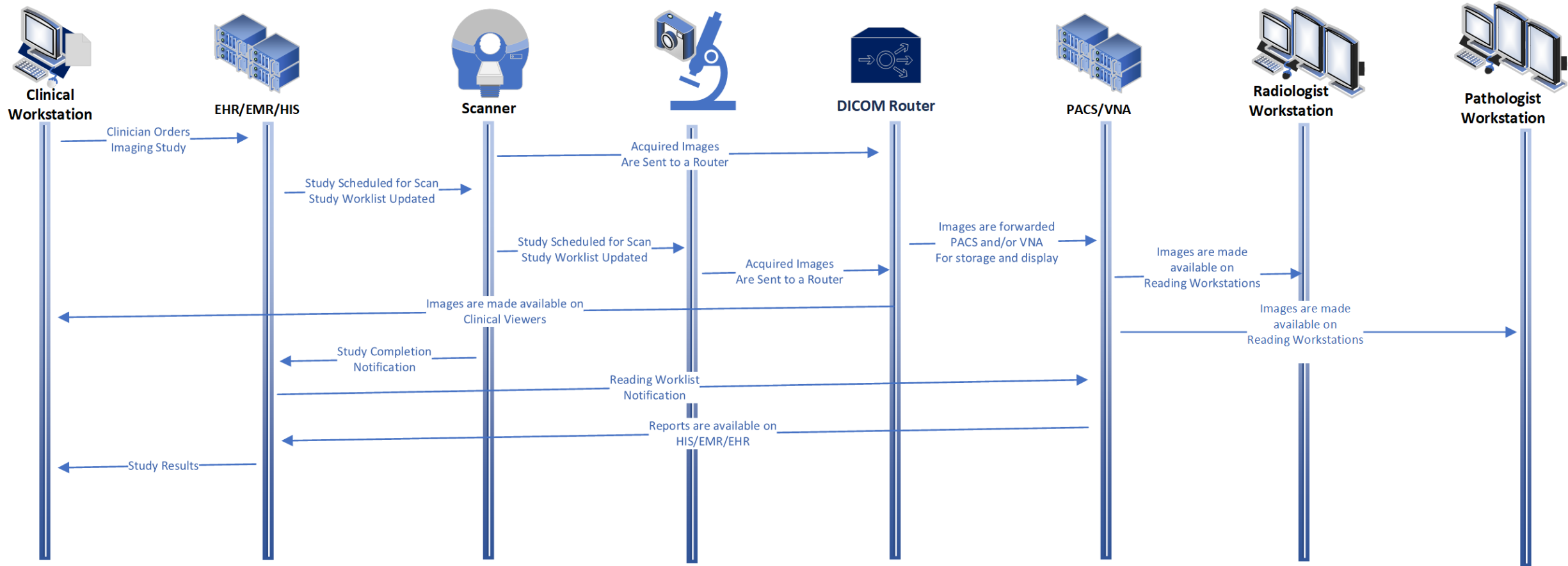


<https://monai.io/>

Deployment

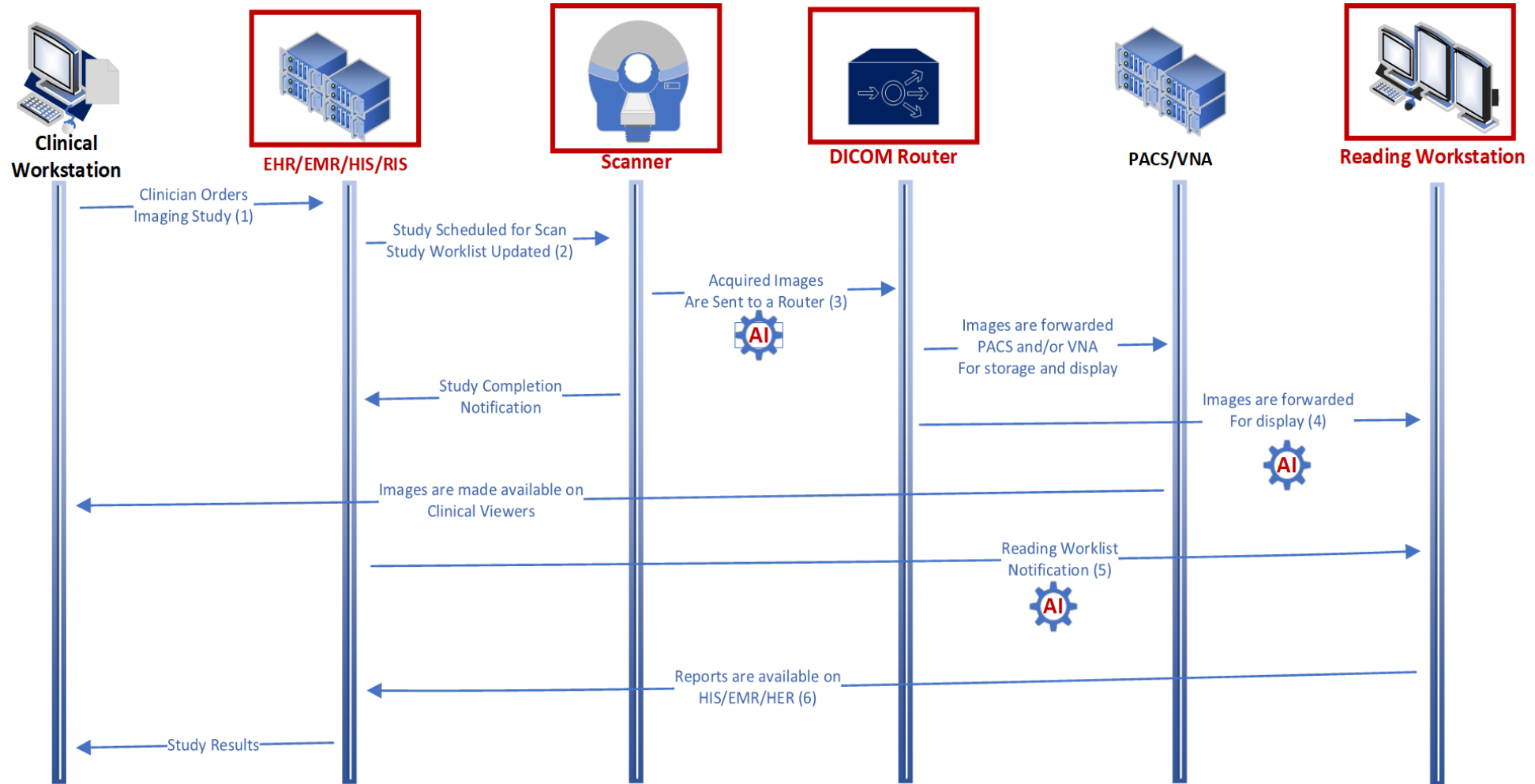




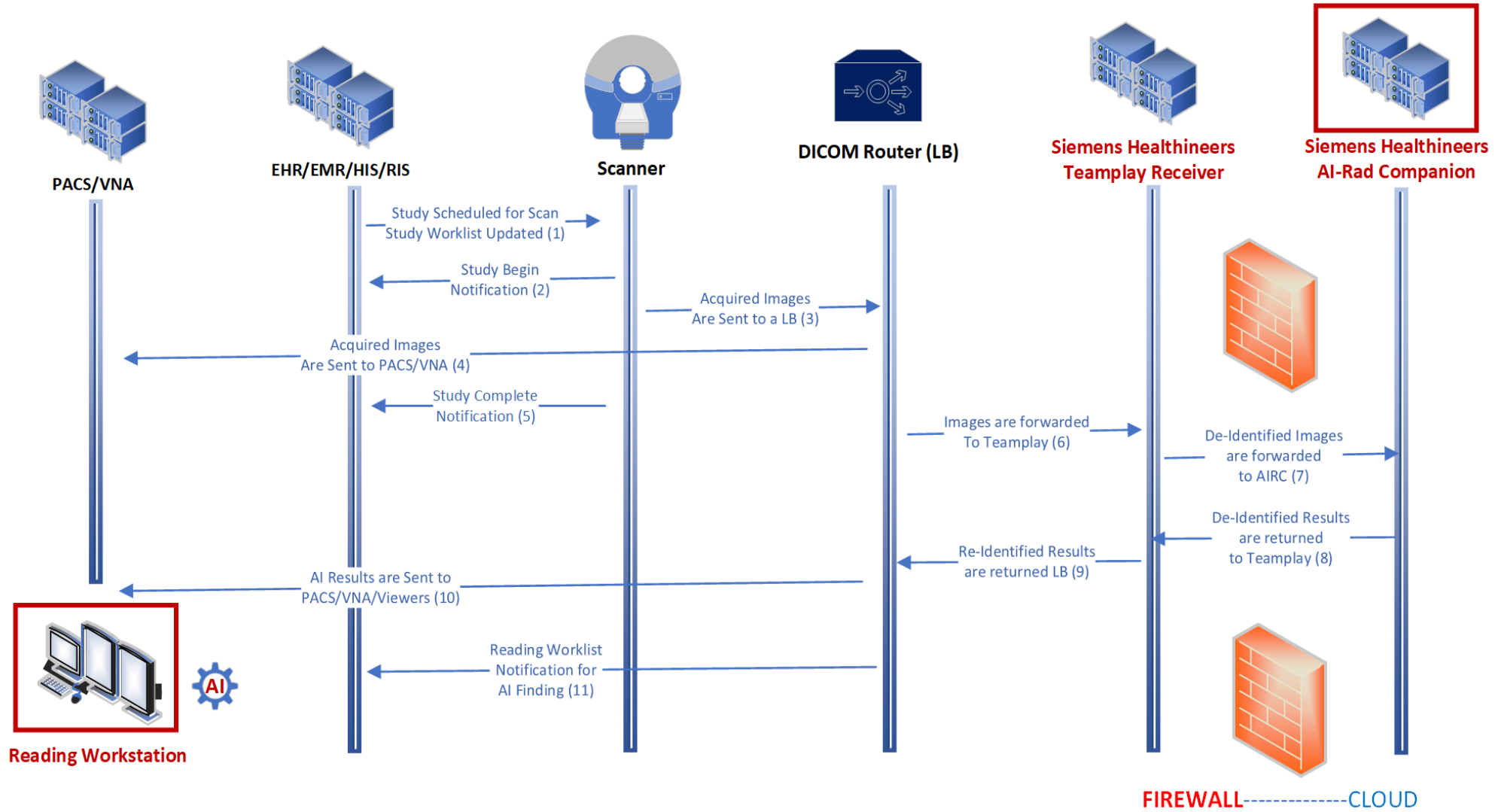


Steps	Common Workflow Theme	AIW and AIR Described Boundaries
1	When a clinician orders an imaging examination in the HIS/RIS, they may be guided by a CDSS to ensure its appropriateness. Depending on the clinical setting, the order may contain a clinical-status priority code (e.g., "stat")	Make recommendations as to the types of procedures that should be ordered, based on the patient's condition and record.
2	Once the patient examination is scheduled for a date and location, an entry is created on the "study worklist" of the scanner (or another imaging device). In some instances, an entry is also created on a "protocoling worklist", where a radiologist determines the specific imaging techniques to be used (e.g., scanning details, contrast-agent type/amount/administration route) during the diagnostic imaging study or image-directed procedure.	Make recommendations on the type of protocol to be used on the scanner.
3	Once the examination is completed, images are reconstructed into a human-interpretable format and sent to a DICOM-router to be forwarded to the appropriate destinations, including a PACS and/or VNA for management or storage. Once the organized images (original and/or post-processed) are ready to be evaluated by the radiologist, the examination description appears on the radiologist's "reading worklist".	Post-process the image, identify QA issues prior to the patient leaving the department, and prepare classifications and segmentations in advance of the radiologist's evaluation.
4	Radiologists assess the examination images on their diagnostic viewer and dictate their interpretation (typically into a voice recognition system).	Include insights alongside the images in the radiologist's display.
5	The dictated report is sent to the HIS/RIS. If actionable critical and/or non-critical findings are identified, radiologists may invoke additional workflows to alert the ordering clinician and issue the final examination report.	Include emergent insights for consideration of the ordering physician.
6	Final examination reports become available in the HIS/EHR, along with the images in the PACS or clinical viewers.	Pre-populate the radiologist's report with draft insights to be considered by the radiologist.

In-house Development (within Firewall)



Vendor Integration (Cloud)



AI-Results-Handling (Image Studies)

Check each exam for matching exam descriptions

If (matching exam found) {

*/*LB and STP Running inside the institutional firewall*/*

LB to STP

STP to De-identify the studies

*/*AIRC Running outside the institutional firewall*/*

STP to send studies to AIRC

*/*Results in the form of DICOM SC and DICOM SR*/*

AIRC to return results to STP

STP to Re-identify the studies

STP to Return Results to LB

LB to Forward the DICOM SC and DICOM SR to Viewers

*/*Using Custom C# based DICOM SR parsing to produce an XML template to provide mapping during HL7 conversion by LB*/*

LB to Produce HL7 from DICOM SR

LB to Send HL7 message to Interface Engine for HIS for Prioritization

Reading Worklist Prioritization

```
MSH|^~\&|AI Product Name{AIRC}|HIS{HIS_TEST}|||Timestamp||ORM^O01|GUID|T|2.5.1
PID|||patient ID^^^MC^MC||Patient last name^Patient first name||Patient DoB
ORC|XO|||||||Datetime of transaction
OBR|1||Accession number|Study code^Study description^IMAGEID^^Short study
description|||Study Date|||||||||Study Date
OBX|1|ST|AI_PRIORITY_type of evaluation{AI_PRIORITY_PTX}||priority level{HIGH}
OBX|2|ST|AI_DETECTION_type of evaluation{AI_DETECTION_PTX}||detection{POS}
```

P..	L...	R..	I...	P..	C..	S	E..	Appt Date	Appt Ti...	AI	Patient	MRN	Accession #	Procedure (Pref List Name)
4								4/11/23	1:10 pm		Ai, Ben	11-261-324	321137	DX Chest 1 View
4								4/11/23	1:10 pm		RSA-FLA, Tito X	11-261-700	321136	DX Chest 1 View
4								4/11/23	12:55 pm		RSA-FLA, Mercades X	11-261-696	321135	DX Chest 1 View
4								4/11/23	3:50 pm		FLA, Test	11-240-813	321147	US Chest

Microsoft SQL Server Management Studio window showing a table with the following data:

DataC...	Proje...	DataID	DataDT	LabelID	Algori...	Acces...	Acces...	ROIn...	Imag...	DICO...	DICO...	Label...	Label...	Feed...	User...	Verifi...	Logg...	IsPare...	Paren...	Conf...	Label...
30021	Projec...	NULL	NULL	30124	Projec...	52	NULL	1	["mark...	NULL	NULL	INSTA...	["PPM...	demier	NO	NO	NO	NULL	10	MARK...	
40021	Projec...	NULL	NULL	40124	Projec...	4	NULL	1	["mark...	NULL	NULL	INSTA...	["Card...	erdal	NO	NO	NO	NULL	9	MARK...	
40022	Projec...	NULL	NULL	40125	Projec...	4	NULL	2	["mark...	NULL	NULL	INSTA...	["Card...	erdal	NO	NO	NO	NULL	7	MARK...	
40022	Projec...	NULL	NULL	40126	Projec...	4	NULL	3	["mark...	NULL	NULL	INSTA...	["PPM...	erdal	NO	NO	NO	NULL	NULL	MARK...	

CAI Viewer window showing AI Results for a chest X-ray:

- Study Date: [Redacted]
- Accession Number: [Redacted]
- AI Results: 4
- Incoming Results:
 - 1 U CardioMEMS - 5.98
 - 2 U CardioMEMS - 7.22
 - 3 U PPM Micro - 0.14
 - 4 U Something - 10

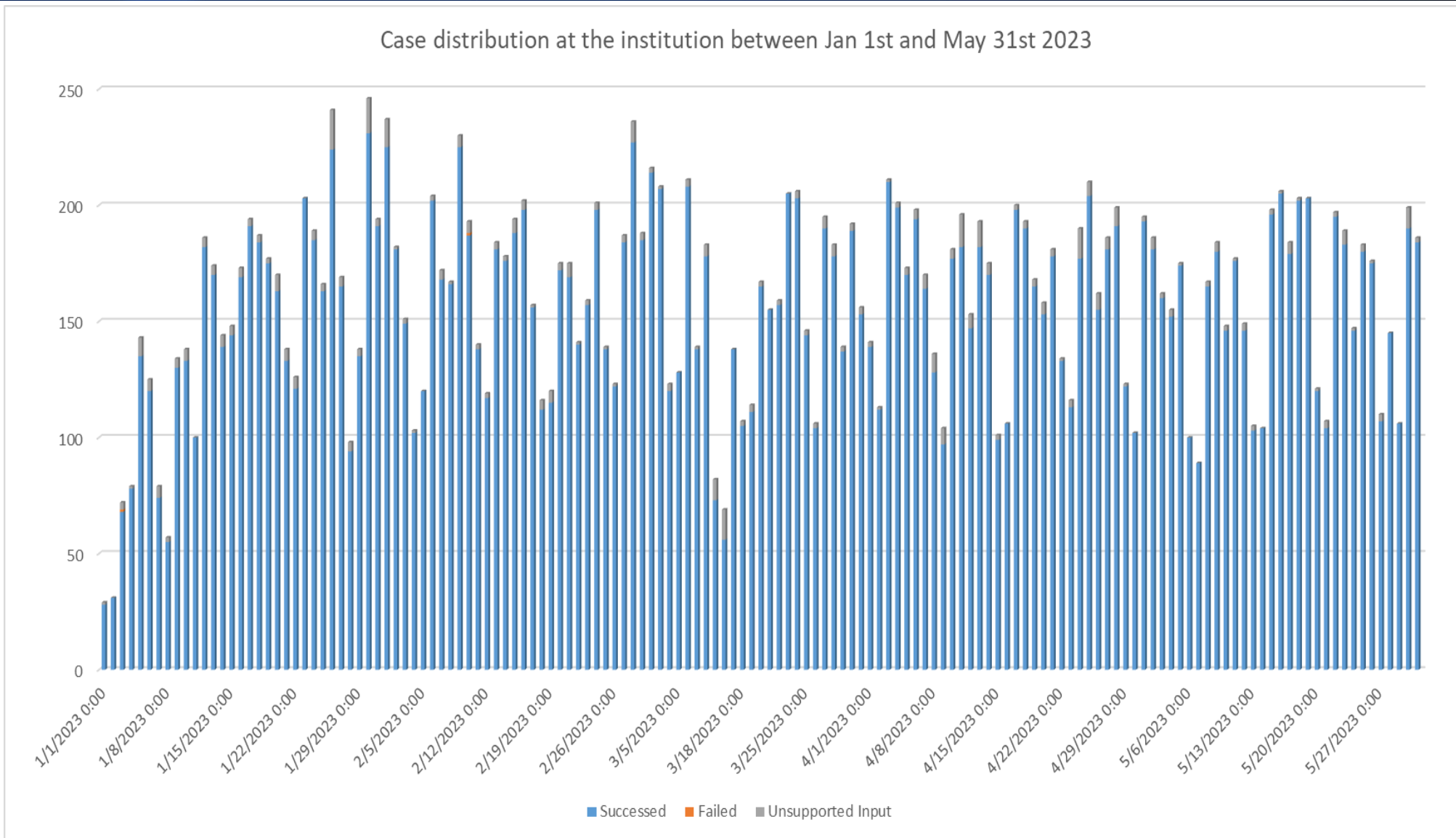
AI Results for CardioMEMS (Area: 747.19 mm²):

- Area: 747.19 mm²
- Mean: 5.98
- Std Dev: 132.39
- Label: CardioMEMS
- Confidence: 7.22

AI Results for PPM Micro (Area: 5.247.31):

- Area: 5.247.31
- Mean: 65.40
- Std Dev: 65.40
- Label: PPM Micro
- Confidence: 0.14

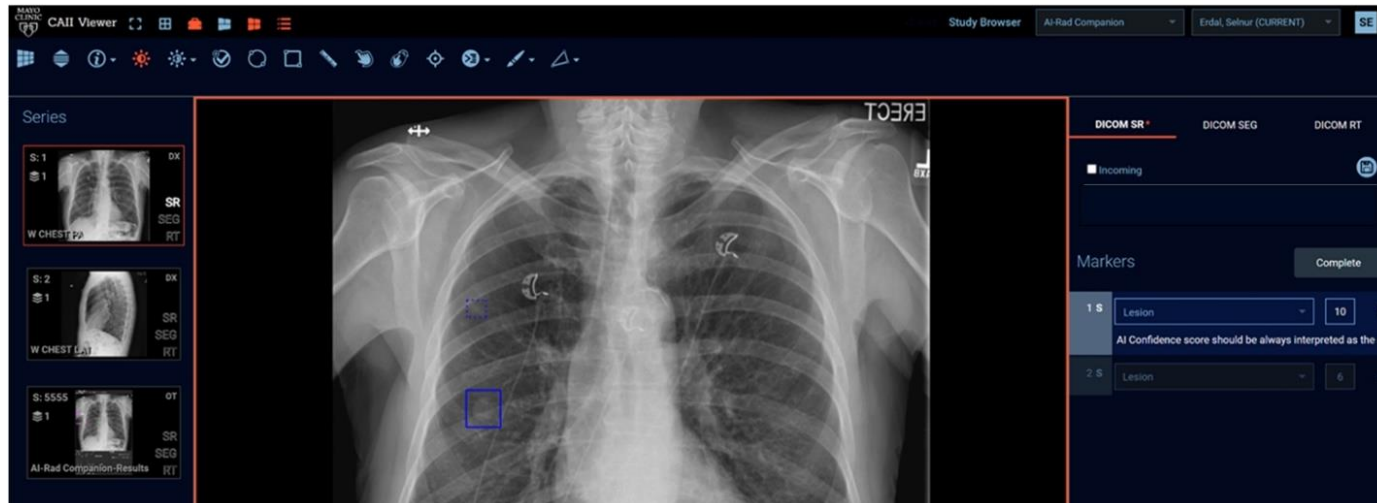
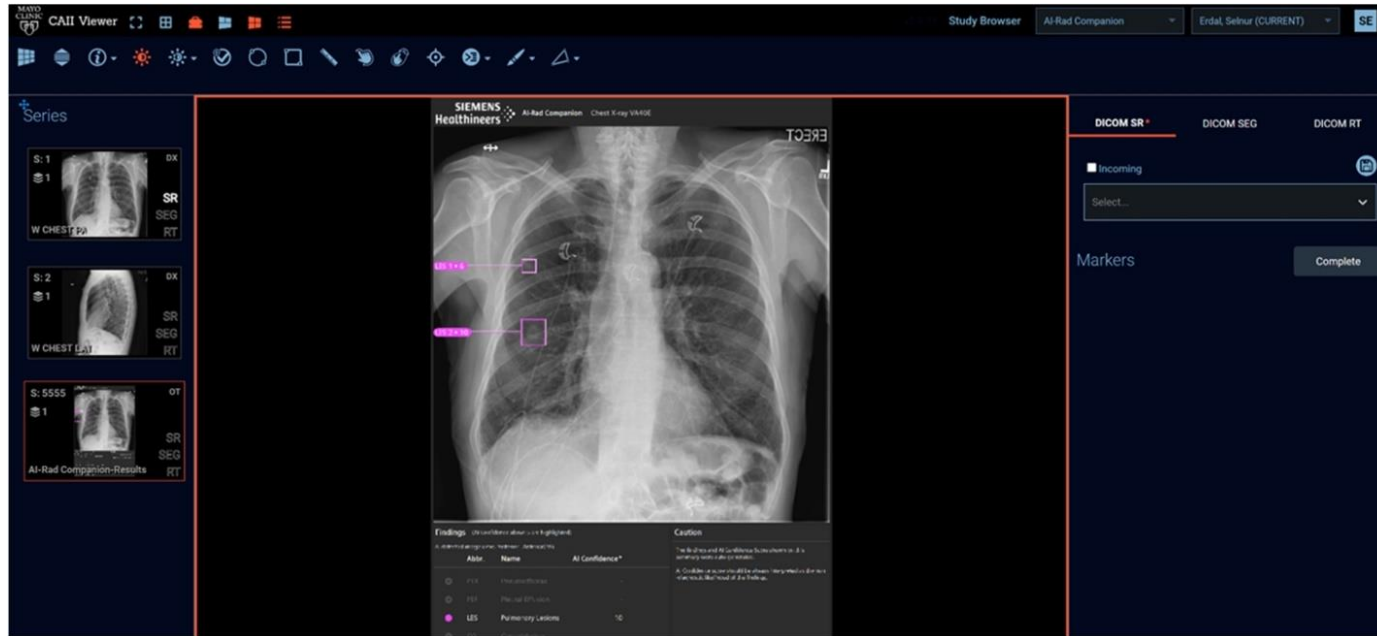
Daily Activity (Sample Period)



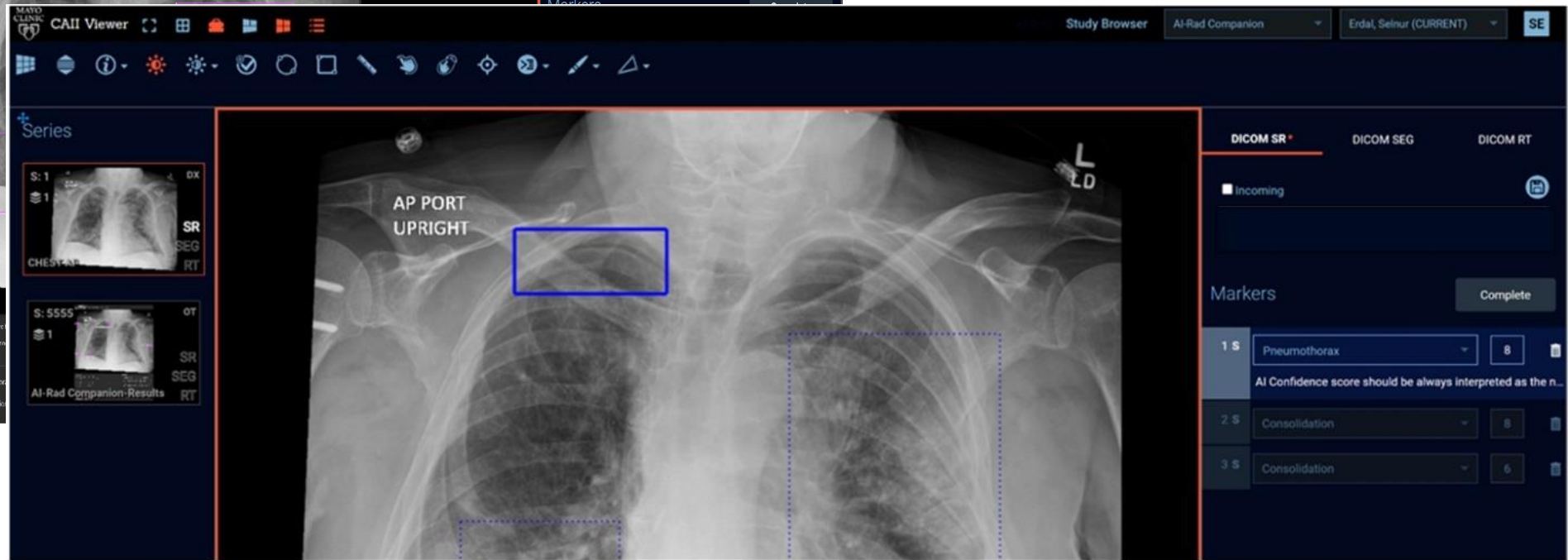
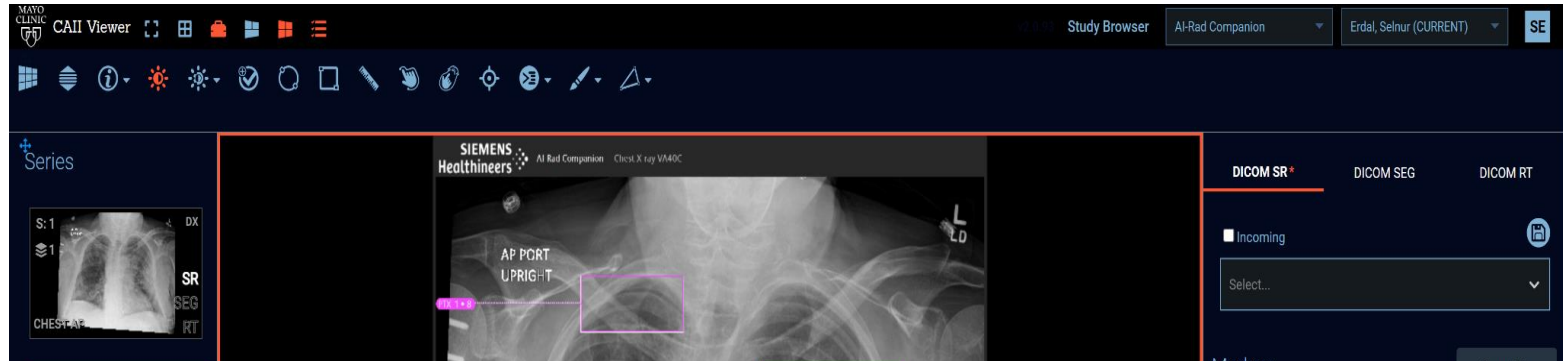
Performance

Result of Processing	Count	% of Total Images Received by AIRC	Average # Images Received per Day	Comments
Processed Successfully	22,382	97.80%	154/day	Results available within 3 minutes after image reception by TPR
Failed Processing (No Results Created)	2	0.01%	<<1/day	
Unsupported Input (No Results Created)	501	2.19%	3/day	Reasons include unsupported image types, patient demographics (age), other check on DICOM attributes
Total Number of Images Received by AIRC	22,885	100%	158/day	Corresponding to 113 individual exams/day

Editable Results

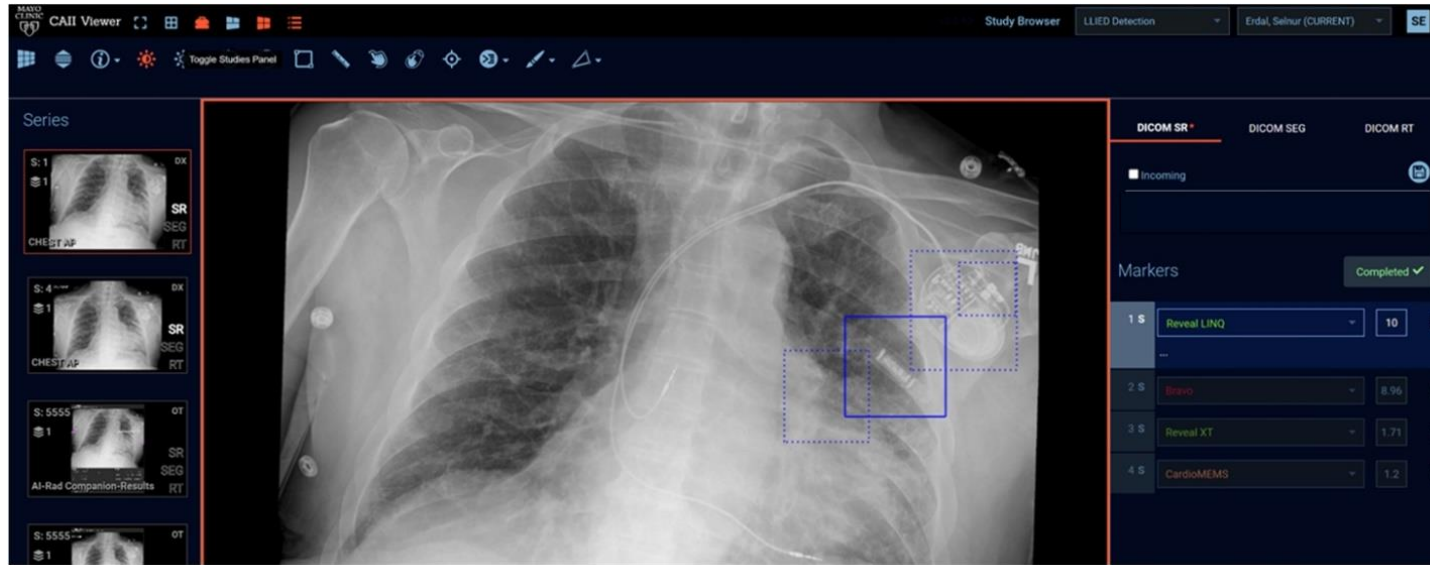


Editable Results Cont.

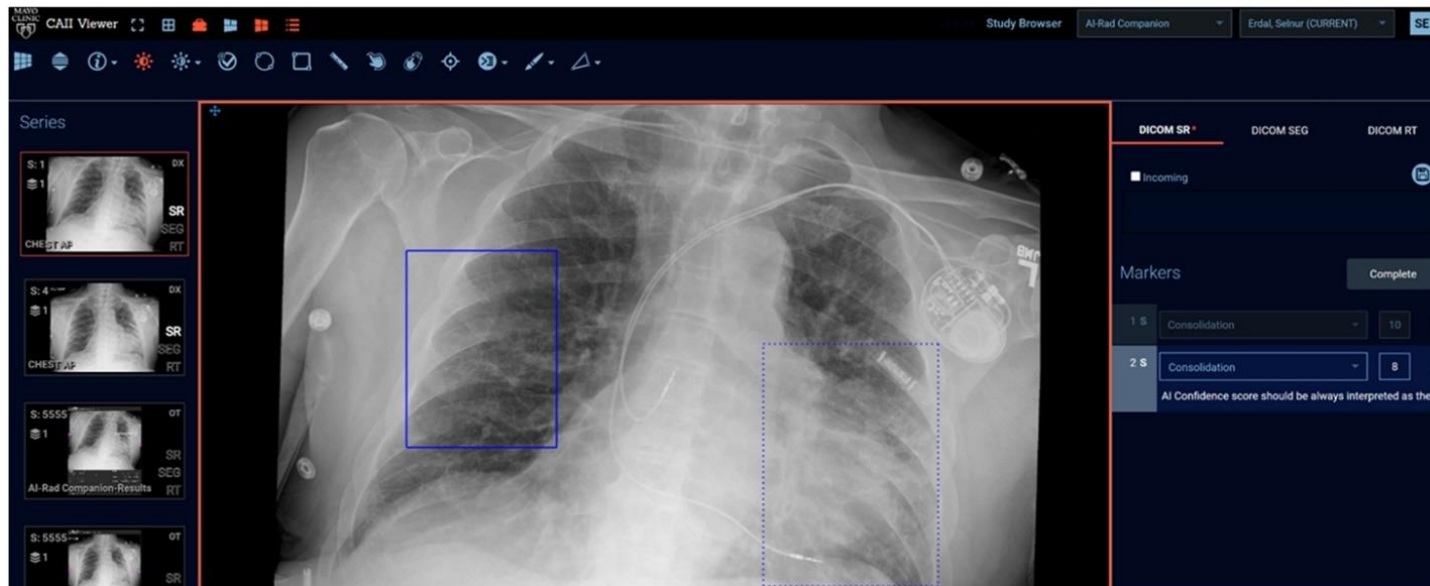


Multiple Algorithms

Local Development



Vendor Based



Standards-based inference result production (e.g., as IHE-compliant DICOM SR TID1500), as well as result consumption by downstream applications, is possible. These capabilities could enable medical institutions to:

- 1) Gain control over AI results with which they interact (e.g., by providing edit/delete functionalities in appropriate viewing environments, therefore enabling adjudication of AI results).
- 2) View and interact with AI results from different sources (e.g., vendor-provided or locally developed algorithms)
- 3) Influence their reading workflow, if products cleared for that purpose are used (e.g., to flag time-sensitive cases in their worklist to promote timely reading and reporting). This could happen either by using middleware (parsing information from standard formats to transmit data points to a HIS/RIS worklist into a specific message format), as shown in examples here, or by relying on existing functionalities of the HIS/RIS to ingest IHE-AIR-compliant datapoints.

Thank You!

Questions?

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